

Dark green hard-back notebook with embossed crest

After following extract, the notebook turns to
Comba, Kas, Myra

a fair copy of the
small dark red "Not"
notebook

1952.

Monday 16 June.

By train from Izmir to Denizli

Tuesday 17 June.

Long wait at Denizli for the bus to Floryun: I left finally at 6.45 p.m. and arrived at Floryun at a few minutes to 10 o'clock. Road good as far as Kizilhisar, then poor, and finally shocking. Put up at the 'hotel'.

Wednesday 18 June.

Walked up to Akyuz in the morning, about half an hour from the village. The weather was perfect, though it was considered locally to be a hot day. There is a fine street of timber leading up to the city, which appears to have had no wall or gate. The stadium is still in good condition, as is the theatre. Also due to the fact the south is a well preserved large building with square and round doorways, and in front of this and the theatre is a fine example of indifferent construction. The theatre has some 40-50 rows of seats.

two of the stone-structures are standing complete, also the upper part of the city, is now above the sea.

(1) In the garden in front of the Sarkis Elia Camii, a cistern 1.22 h., 0.55 in diameter below the building; letters 24-31 were

Συμμετοχὴ Στρε-

φάνω το δῶρι

μνημῆος ἱερῶν

καὶ ἱερῶν Σωσῶν (leaf)

(leaf)

BSA LI (1586)
137 no 1.

(2) In the back wall of the same range, a block broken on sides except perhaps at the top; 1.2 is on a ascending slope. Again

Κ[αὶ] δὲ τοῦ Φλαβίου

ἀνδρὶ καὶ ὀρφῇ καὶ Ἀδελφῶν

τῶν κνῶ ἐποίησα τὸ μνημῆ-

μῆον] καὶ ἱερῶν Σωσῶν ΠΕΡΙΑ

Καὶ τῶν ἱερῶν γυναικῶν

ὅτι τοῖς κορυφαῖς μὲν ἔρα

Squire said to have been taken by an Englishman 30 or 50 years

BSA LI (1586)
6) 137 no 2

τοῦ δὲ τοῦ ἱερῶν θωπῆ] χρῆς τῶν ἱερῶν γυναικῶν
προσδεδωμένου καὶ]

(3) Round funeral altar in the yard of a house in Flaymna, 0.821 h.
0.44 in diam. below moulding; letters 28-33 mm. high.

Κραττερος

Κοιντω τῷ

καὶ Πυλαδῶ τῷ πατρὶ

μητρὶ

ἐνέκεν

BSA LI (1956)

138 no 4

(4) Do. in the same yard, 0.821 h., 0.44 in diam h.m. L. 20-23.

Ἐλπίθερος καὶ

Πλάρος καὶ Ἰερών

[καὶ Πυλαδῶν]

[...] τῷ πατρὶ

καὶ Εὐτυχίᾳ τῇ

μητρὶ φιλοστοργ-

γίδος ἐνέκεν

BSA LI (1956)

138 no 5

(5) By the road outside the village, recently dug out and to be filled
to the house of Anni Taxis, a round altar 1.27 h. 0.56 in diam h.m.
Letters 30-34 mm.

ὁρῶντες Μηνίδι καὶ
 τὴν τοῖς
 γοῦσι μνη-
 μος ἔκκεν

BSA LI (1956)

138 no. 6

(6) Similar also 1.12 h., 0.53 in diam. t.m. Letters 28-30.

Ναὶ Ἰέρωνος

BSA LI (1956)

138 no. 7

= Numismatic

Τὴν Νεμεινί-

ω τῷ ἀνδρὶ μνη-

ας ἔκκεν

A third similar is lying close by, its inscription (if any) does

(7) Similar also in a field close by, insc. partly filled. 1 1/2 h.
 0.78 diam t.m., letters 39-43.

[]ς καὶ

BSA LI (1956)

[] Ἰέρωνος

138 no. 8

[] δι τῇ μνη-

[] μνημῶς ἔκκεν

[] κεν

Plin. in Liban. II. no. 25a

(8) On the edge of a sarcophagus lid at the Mammolar Pisan fountain, in a single line:

ἔτους • δρρ' • Στέφανος • ΘΒ • Φλαβιανού

Night at the same 'hotel'.

Thursday 19 June

Collected some more epitaphs in the morning.

(9) Supporting the porch of the mosque of Place Infat (see plan) round altar 0.76 h. 0.39 diam. letters 35-40 mm high. Body of text:

Μηνίς Τληπῶ

Ἀρτέμιδι τῇ γυ-

νεκί μνήμης

ἐνεκεν

BSA LI (1956)

139 no 10.

(10) Ibid. do. (already published)

(Ed. notebook p. 10)

ἔτους ΙΚΕ (sic)

Αὐρ. Κοίντος

Αὐρ. Κοντιανῇ (sic)

τῇ θυγατρὶ κτλ.

BSA LI (1956)

139 no 12.

(11) Ibid. do. 0.66 h. 0.45 diam. Letters 32-36 mm.

Ὁρέστη

Φαίδρου

τοῦ Εἴλου

BSA LI (1956)

139 no 11.

(12) In the house of Emin Özarslan, white marble block
0.82 h, 1.31 w, 0.22 th. Letters 33-36 mm.

Κλ. Ἰσρων Πριμιγεννία τῇ χρηστῇ τροφῇ
καὶ Κλαυδίου Φιλῆτι τῷ ἀνδρὶ αὐτῆς. Τῶν
μητρῶν ἑνὸς

ἔσιν δὲ τις ἐνχειρησὴ δούκει ἕτερον ἐν
τῇ σορῶ, ἀποδώσει τῷ φίσκῳ δημόριον
δισχίλια πεντακόσια καὶ ὑπόδικος ἔσται

τυμβωρυχίῳ

BSA LI (1956)

139 no 14.

(13) In the wall of the house of Hasan Çorak, ankenite
rectangular block 0.67 h, 0.53 w, 0.34 th. Letters 24-26 mm.

ΛΗΛΛΟΚΡ

? Δημόκριτος

ΙΤΟΣ ΠΥΡ-

ρον 3ῶν ε-

BSA LI (1956) 139 no 13.

20 TW 8 TW
11.5 EV

Set out at midday with donkey for Itzik, reckoned 20 hours; we took 6½. Painful crossing of the Ilizum Gorge. Half an hour before Itzik. Altitude of village 1005 m.

Night at the mullah's house, where we were shown a curious egg-shaped (worn pass through) thick stone with a hole on each side entering obliquely. Round the mouth of the smaller hole were marks where something had turned over.

Friday 20 June.

Climbed first to Asan Tepe, a little over an hour on the road. Dismal; altitude 1250 m. at the top. On the summit is a complex of dry rubble walls (no mortar) some 70-80 cm. thick. It is evidently an ancient fort guarding the pass on the Baku-Baku road which it directly overlooks ('Ru.' on Kiepert's map). At the foot of the hill, is a ruined building of some size, where there was once to have been an inscribed stone, broken up about six months ago.

Then to Dikmen Tepe, the site of Baku. Very little to be seen here; the theatre is poorly preserved, but has underground passages.

of theatre 1142 m.

apparently connected with the stage-building (?). In front of the theatre is a level area with as a two column-atrium, possibly a small agora (?). There seems to be nothing else to see.

(14) On a round funeral altar, lying at the foot of the hill on the S side, a little above some other remains of funeral monuments, including a broken sarcophagus lid with two columns 0.87h, 0.42 in diam; letters 15-23 mm. The altar has an and-festoon relief; above this

Καλλιόχης τῆς τοῦ Ροδωνίου Βου(βαι)ου

[τῆς] μνηστεύου

ἀνεστήσεν

αὐτοῦ καὶ τῆς

γυναίκος αὐ-

τοῦ Ἀρτέμ[ιδος]

Below the relief, hard to read, six more lines:

ΕΙΣΚΑΚΤΟΙΟΕΙΘΕΝΤΩΝ Εἰς

ὁ πῶσθ' τὴν δαπάνην

ἀνήλωσεν ὁ πρόφι-

μος αὐτοῦ συνέγδημος κα-

θώς

BSA 51 (1956) 140 no 17

Ἀρτέμ-

εἰς Καστορος (δῖς) [δῶ]νται

ἢ Καστορος {ρος}

(15) In a garden in the village of Ipeake, round altar 0.30 diam.; letters 21-26 mm. Photograph.

Εργαῖος Τρω-
ίλου Ἀρτέμιδι
τῇ θυγατρὶ φίλος.
τοργίως ἐνέκην

BSA 51(1956)
140 no. 18.

(16) Round altar in a street leading off the market place, 0.34 diam. Letters 22-29 mm. Squeeze.

Κερκίς καὶ Μόδης
καὶ Μείδων καὶ Νάνα
οἱ Μόδης, Νάνα δὲ
διὰ τοῦ ἀνδρὸς Ἀρτέ-
μιωνος, Νεάρχου τοῦ
ἀδελφοῦ ἡμῶν καὶ τῇ
Νεάρχου τῇ μητρὶ
μυεῖας χάριν

Robert, p. 10
p. 10

BSA 51(1956)
140 no. 19.

The rock-cut tomb is just outside the village on the north, a few feet above the road. It has a porch with two Ionic columns.

the door has uprights and pediment in relief, but nothing left away. Inside is a ledge for three sarcophagi; the rest is niched. No inscription. Date? Hellenistic.

In Iteak I was shown a coin inscribed: $\Lambda\Lambda\Theta\Delta\Gamma\Gamma\epsilon\mu\mu$, but the owner would not sell it at a reasonable price.

ZHILLO
NIC

We were excellently entertained at Iteak by the mullah and the schoolmaster, who works alone with 120 pupils. Late in the evening, about 10 o'clock, we boarded a timber house for Iteak. We arrived towards one o'clock after a hair-raising journey, and slept at the levy-drivers' house.

Saturday 20 June.

A donkey was ready in the morning, and we started for Ballbana. Long climb to the pass (1460 m), then down to the foot of the acropolis hill (1345 m). There we met a party including the Osman Memur, who led us up the N hill from the back (i.e. the N). On the saddle joining this to the next hill is a wall of dry rubble 2.5 m high, with blocks up to 1.5 m long. On the top of the hill are walls of good polygonal 1.70 m thick, apparently quite early.

The altitude here is 1480 m.; the top of the hill is a little over 1500 m. The theatre is high up on the S side of the hill, and still as described; the wall below the stage building is still magnificently preserved. A most interesting theatre.

The site is now called Golkayige Ruine. Gadma is the name of a hill with a chrome-mine some $\frac{1}{2}$ hr. to the east.

The S hill has only the second theatre and a few traces of 'Carian' type close by. This theatre has only a few seats among rocks; most of the spectators must have sat on the rock stage, which is quite rough. Supporting the stage-building (of which nothing is left) is a long platform of stone slabs well preserved, with a smaller platform jutting out towards the arena; supporting arches below. (Perhaps there never was a stage-building.)

The public buildings of Badkna are on the S slope of the hill near its foot; numerous ruins, but nothing standing. A street is discernible, and a level area, probably the agora, which had an entrance with at least two arches at one corner.

(17) Large rectangular base set horizontally in the wall bounding the street (which must therefore be late in its present form) is a large rectangular stone base with two footholes on top; h. 2.38,

u. Luccha. Pissa. II, 184 no 237:

[ἡ βουλὴ καὶ ὁ δῆμος
[ἔτι]μῃσιν Πολυδύ-
[κην δις? τρίς?] Θάαντος Μηνο-
[φίλου καὶ ταῖς δευτέ[ρ]-
[αις τ]ριταῖς ταῖς ἀνα[γιν]-
[ραρ]έναις ὑφ' ὑμ[αστε]ρ-
[χ]ήσαντα μεγαλ[οφ]ρ-
[ῶς, ὑ]πογραμμά-
[τευσαντα] Λυκίων
[τοῦ ἔθνους ἀξί]ως, τε-
[μιεύσαντα] δις, γραμ-
[ματεύσαντα] μεγαλ-
[ῆς] πρῶτως καὶ ἀξί]ως
[καὶ τῆς πόλεως οὐ δι-
[αί]τιποντα, ἀνδρ[ῶν] καλῶν κα-
[ὶ] ἀγαθῶν καὶ πάσῃ ἀρε-
[τῇ] καὶ εὐφροσύνῃ δια-
[φέρον]τα

u. i. 65, th. 0.78. Second century lettering: E: 28-30 mm. 1961

ἡ βουλὴ καὶ ὁ δῆμος
ἔτιμῃσιν Πολυδύ-
κην Θάαντος Μηνο-
φίλου καὶ ταῖς δευτε-
ραις τριταῖς ταῖς ἀνα-
[γιν]ραρμέναις, ὑμνα-
[σά]σαντα μεγαλ-
[ῆς] πρῶτως, ὑπογραμμά-
[τευσαντα] τοῦ Λυκίων
ἔθνους φιλοτιμῶς, τε-
μιεύσαντα πιστῶς, γραμ-
[μα]τεύσαντα μεγαλ-
φρῶς καὶ πλουσίως,
ἱερὰ θεοῦ Διονύσου δι-
[α]βίου, ἀνδρ[ῶν] καλῶν καὶ
ἀγαθῶν καὶ πάσῃ ἀρε-
τῇ καὶ δικαιοσύνῃ δια-
φέροντα

BSA.
LI (1956)
141 no 21

This inscription is said to have become only partly visible.

by the removal of the block above it. St. 8-10 show that Ballbura belonged to the Lycian League in 11 A.D. (not on fragment).

(18) Limestone block lying just above the upper end of the stair.
1.63 m. long, 0.42 high, 0.42 thick, inscribed in monumental letters.
0.11 m. high. The block is complete. Photograph.

[ω κελί τω ὀπίσθῳ]

BSA LI (1906)
141 no 20.

Walked on to Karaculha (or Karaculfa), 1335 m. alt. Here we were well entertained by a villager in the absence of the host. Yürük village, winter quarters near Fethiye.

Drimit - Ballbura 2 hours. Ballbura - Karaculha 2 hours.

Sunday 22 June.

Quiet day. Walked from Karaculha to Perçek (Yayhan) in 3½ hours; put up at the miller's house. Altitude 1130 m.

On the way, 10 minutes below Dant village, passed a Ptolemaic cemetery containing ancient stones probably brought from Venetia, including column-drums and funeral altars. ^(Photo) One column is inscribed but quite illegible; I could read only AYTON.

Monday 23 June.

Walked down to the bridge, immediately above which, on the near side, are the ruins identified with Termessus Minor. On the way, a few minutes below Kırık, beside the road, we saw a heap of stones which have been a small temple. No columns visible and no inscriptions. Two walls at right-angles are visible under the fallen blocks, and some architectural fragments are lying around. Byzantine coins shown to us at Kırık were found here, so perhaps it was later a church.

Termessus Minor is on two low hills; the road winds between them. The northern is about 150 m. long and quite unprotected, the southern is rather longer, and this too seems to have had no walls. Both hills are numerous architectural fragments. Altitude 1075 m. This tiny place seems to suit quite well for Termessus; but, of course, it can never have had any independence. It lies right under the hill of Denoanda and in Denoandan territory, and can only have been founded by some agreement with Denoanda. It would be able to suppress a war between it and the Lycian League. (Now Roman province.)

Denoanda is on a lofty hill, but not on the summit, but on gently sloping ground on the S side. The highest extant monument is the theatre, alt. 1360 m. We climbed up from the west, passing an

elegant acrotopia with lion-tail acrotophi, touch of Carian life, in one place, carved on the rock-face, a human figure in an arched niche with a pair of hands beside it.

The theatre is in fair preservation, facing south, the lower part overgrown. A fair number of incomplete rows of seats remain, and the lower part of the stage-building with at least three small rooms or less hidden under the fallen blocks.

Below the theatre is a level space with a number of inscriptions, probably already known (with possibly one exception):

(19) Stupa Base 0.98 high, 0.73 wide, 0.73 thick. Letters 24-31 mm.

Σέκουνδα Ἀρτέμωρος
καὶ Ἀρτέμις Θόαντος
δὲ τοῦ καὶ Ἐρμείου
διατάξαμένου
Θόαντος Ἀρτέμωρος

YC 1008
BCH 24 (1900) 342
no. 5.

(20) Statue Base 1.15 high, 0.47 wide, 0.55 thick. Letters 30 mm at the top, decreasing to 17 at the bottom.

On the moulding: Ὀνησιφόρου

Below: Ἐγνωνοθετοῦντος

YC 1007
BCH 24 (1900) 344
no. 10.

τοῦ ἀξιολογωτάτου [ι]
 Μ. Αὐρ. Ἀντιμάχου
 Κροίσου Ἀρμιανού
 Κροίσου πενηγίρ-
 ως θυρηδικῆς λδ'
 προγονικῆς αὐτοῦ ἐμ-
 ρῆας Γ. Ἰουλ. Δημοσθέ-
 νους καὶ τοὺς ἀνδριᾶ [ν]
 τας καὶ τὰ θέματα τοῦ
 γυμνικοῦ ἀγώνος ΕΞΘ
 ΚΕΙΜΕ φιλοτιμίας
 παρ' ἀσχομένου,
 Μ. Αὐρ. Ὀνησίφορος Ἐρ-
 μαίου τοῦ καὶ Ἐρμογέ-
 νους ΔΙΑ Ἐρμαίου νι-
 κήσας ἐνδόξως παίδω [ι]
 πάλην τὸν ἀνδριάντα
 ἀνστήσει

ἔξο[[]]ιπας

(21) Plain block 0.75 h., 0.60 w., 0.60 th. Letter 25 mm.

[ι]ὸν πατριον μ ἔχον

Θεὸν Φοῖβον Ἀπόλλωνα
 ὁ δῆμος ὁ Τερμηστῶν τῶν
 πρὸς Δινυαίοις, ἀγνωθε-
 τούντος διὰ βίου Λουκίου
 Κρεπερηίου Φρόντωνος Δι-
 ναυδῆος πανηγύρεως Ἀπ-
 ῖπτελουμένης ἀπὸ δω-
 ρεῶς Ιουλίου Εὐ αρέστου

ΥΓ 1005
 BCH 24(1900)
 342 no. 6

(22) Base 1.34 h., 0.54 w., 0.65 th.; letters 28-30 mm.

ἀγνωθετούντος
 διὰ βίου τοῦ ἀξιο-
 λογώτατου Λ. Κρεπε-
 ρηίου Φρόντωνος
 πανηγύρεως γυμνι-
 κῆς ἢ - θυμ(ελικῆς)

ΥΓ 1006
 BCH 24(1900)
 343 no. 7

(Nothing more written)

(23) Near the above, built into a wall now level with the ground
 perhaps only recently uncovered, a block broken on the left, complete

the other sides: the inscription is complete. Height 0.50, present width 0.52, thickness not ascertainable. Letters 20-23 mm.

τὸ κεφάλαιον τῆς εὐ-
δαιμονίας ἢ δυνά-
σεως, ἧς ἡμεῖς κύριοι.
χαλεπὸν στρατῶνα,
κἀν ἐτέρων ἀρχῶν.

Smith fr. 112

τὸ βητορεύειν σφυγμοῦ
καὶ ταραχῆς γέρον·
εἰ πᾶσι δύναται τι, συν-
μεταδιωκομένη πρᾶ-
[χ]μα τοιοῦτον οὐ τὴν
οὐσίαν ἔχουσιν ἄλλοι;

τὶ οὖν

(24) Close by the last, a base 1.104, 0.63w., 0.74h. Letters

ὁ δῆμος ὁ Τερμησσίων [τῶν]
πρὸς Οἰνοάνδοις ἐτείρη[σαν]
Πολύκλειαν Κροίσου [υἱῆς]
γυναικα δὲ Τληπόδε[μου]
τοῦ

YC 1003
BCH 24 (1900)
343 no 9.

(No line in
drawing)

(25) In another open space lower down. Large base 1.53 h. 0.1
0.54 th. with two round holes on top. Letters 20-23 mm.

On the moulding:

Below:

Ἀπολλωνίου δὲ
Λυκίων τοῦ κοινῶν ἐστέρη-
σεν χρυσῷ στεφάνῳ καὶ εἰ-
κόνι γραπτῇ καὶ εἰκόνι χαλκῇ
Μάρκου Αὐρηλίου Ἀπολλω-
νίου Ἀπολλωνίου τοῦ καὶ
Φιλώτου Ἀπολλωνίου ὁρθε-
γόρου Δίοναυτίου γενομέ-
νον πρότερον μετὰ ἱερῶν
θεοῦ πατρῶν Ἀπόλλωνος
Λυκίων τοῦ κοινῶν, μετὰ τῶν-
τα δὲ ἀρχιφυλακήσαντα ἐν
τῇ πρὸς τῷ κράτει συντελ[εῖν]
καὶ μετὰ πάσης τήρησιν κ[αὶ]
[ἐ]νδοξείας τὴν ἀρχὴν ἐκτε-
λέσαντα, πληρώσαντα καὶ
τὸ ἱερώτατον ταμίον τοῖς
ἱεροῖς φόροις καὶ τὴν πρῶξιν

ΥΦ 1042

BC 110

(1884)

224 no 7

ποιησάμενον ἱπτικῶς καὶ τρι-
μητικῶς

(26) Near the last, a base 1.48 h., 0.65 w., 0.44 th. Two feet
or top. Letters 20-27 mm.

On the moulding: Μ. Αὐρ. Τραλίου Ὀλυμπιανοῦ
καὶ Ἀρκεανδρῶς

παράδοξου

Ἰουλίου Εὐαρέστου

Y 41044

BSH 10/1886

233 vol 3

Below:

[ἀγῶ]νοθετούντος τῷ βί-

[ου Ἰ]ουλίου Λουκίου Πτε-

[..]ου Εὐαρέστου πανηγύ-

[ρε]ως δευτέρως Σευηρε[.]

ων [.. elased] Εὐα-

ρεστῶν ἢς αὐτὸς συν-

εστήσατο ἐς ἰδίων χρη-

μάτων εἰς πάντα τὸν

χρόνον,

[Μ. Αὐρ.] Τραλὶς νεικήσας ἐν-

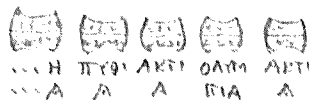
δόξως παίδων πανκρα-

= Sch. 18

Πτελίου

f. Dorian 3708

ΤΙΟΥ ΚΟΙΝΩ ΛΥΚΙΩΝ



[ΣΤΟΥ] | [ΡΕΙ] |

On the W side of the hill is a fine tower and wall of
bossed ashlar on one side, bossed polygonal on the other, the
evidently Hellenistic. Night at Inceatiler.

Tuesday 24 June.

End of Ramadan and first day of Bayram. Our host at
Inceatiler produced two silver coins of the Lycian dynasty (which
bought for £1.20) and two gold coins (which I did not buy). A donkey
and a donkey were forthcoming, at least as far as I was concerned.

Last night our host produced a votive relief to Kadmos
said to have been found on the hill of Demanda two or three
years ago; the god rides a horse and holds a shield in
upraised hand. He seems to wear some sort of crown. Inceatiler

(2)

Ανδρέας Θεω

BSA 51 (1956)

Κακρόβρι ροχρ

142 no 22
Photos - 1956

Our host's name is Akif Ince.

Started off at 7.30 for Girdar, passing first through Geylan (970 m) where we saw, just outside the village, a curious stone called Kalkantara. This is a circular slab of stone 6 ft in diameter 24 cm thick, set in a socket on top of a pile of rocks. (It is not cut out of the living rock.) It slopes slightly backwards, faces NE, and has been used as a rifle target. There is said to have been at least one other in the neighbourhood, but it is now smashed.

From Geylan (970 m) the climb begins, reaching Zoba in at its highest point, but not uncomfortably steep. After this there is a rather steep and strong descent to Girdar Gola (1680 m). The lake is shallow and formed apparently entirely of melted snow, and used to dry up in August. It is in a bowl entirely surrounded by hills, has extensive pasture beside it; there are some 200 cows here in the summer, drawn from a number of villages. (One is from Diver (Jhos)). The lion tanks are at the foot of the hills on the west, some way from the lake. Near the edge of the lake (as it is now), and sometimes surrounded by the lake, is a piece of slightly raised ground which has been enclosed by a wall 0.5 m thick, with numerous interior walls and foundations of houses.

This is apparently the residence of those whose tomb occur in the neighborhood. There is a sarcophagus (quite plain) and a number of ancient blocks. A written stone said to have been seen, but not in evidence now.

Wednesday 25 June.

Night in an empty hut of stones and mud with wooden roof for fun windproof; not undisturbed by insects. But one had been exceedingly kind, and fed us well.

(28) In the morning saw an inscribed limbed-block lying at short distance south of the first lion-tomb, beside the path:

long. 0.33 high, 0.52+ thick. Letters very irregular. BSA LI

+ $\mu\eta\gamma\sigma\theta\iota\tau\epsilon$ $\kappa\upsilon\rho\iota$ ϵ $\tau\omicron\upsilon$ $\delta\omicron\upsilon\delta\omicron\upsilon$ $\sigma\omicron\upsilon$ ι $\sigma\iota$. (1956)

$\delta\omicron\upsilon\rho\omicron\upsilon$ $\pi\rho\epsilon\sigma\beta\upsilon\tau\epsilon\rho\omicron\upsilon$ $\tau\omicron\upsilon\varsigma$ $\kappa\tau\eta\sigma\acute{\alpha}\mu\epsilon\upsilon$

$\omicron\upsilon$ $\tau\omicron\upsilon$ $\acute{\alpha}\gamma\iota\omicron\upsilon$ $\dot{\iota}$ $\kappa\omicron\upsilon$ $\tau\omicron\upsilon$ $\kappa\iota\omicron\upsilon$

143 no 24

There is more writing on another side of the block, but in the prevailing conditions I could only make out NEOLKAI.

A little further on are a number of tombs, two with lions, and including the one with fine payable to Democanda. One tomb has inscription in the panel ending

$\tau\omicron\upsilon$ (τ) $\omicron\upsilon$

This is apparently the residence of those whose tomb occurs in the neighborhood. There is a sarcophagus (quite plain) and a number of ancient blocks. A written stone said to have been seen, but not in evidence now.

Wednesday 25 June.

Rights in an empty hut of stones and mud with wooden roof for from windproof; not undisturbed by insects. But our hosts were exceedingly kind, and fed us well.

(28) In the morning saw an inscribed limit-block lying at short distance south of the first lion-tomb, beside the path: long, 0.33 high, 0.52+ thick. Letters very irregular. BSA LI

+ $\mu\eta\gamma\sigma\theta\iota\tau\epsilon$ $\kappa\upsilon\rho\iota\varsigma$ τοῦ δοῦλου σου 'Ιστ. (1956)

δοῦρου προσβ(υτ)ρου) τὸν κτησάμεν- 143 no 24

ον τὸν ἀγίον ἵκον τὸς ΝΙΘΝ

τοῦ(τ)ου

There is more writing on another side of the block, but in the prevailing conditions I could only make out ΝΕΘΛΚΑΙ.

A little further on are a number of tombs, two with lions, and including the one with fine payable to Democanda. One tomb has inscription in the panel ending

unpublished

ἐπὶ χερσὶ τοῦ πρυμναίου
ἵσταται ἱεράτος θεοῖς καὶ κα-
πώσας.

We also visited a small ancient cemetery at the extreme SW end of the plain, but the reported inscription was not forthcoming.

From Sinder the path rises to 1890 m, then drops to a green plain, alt. 1662 m, after which there is a fairly steady descent to Barak to Gömbe. Sinder-Gömbe 7 hours, but the taking was very old and slow; we had the same man who brought us from Incehiler, and had to find the way ourselves. Six hours must be a fair estimate.

In the afternoon we walked from Gömbe to the base of Mt. Mithris in the fields half an hour to the NE to see a site previously seen only by a Greek 40 years ago.

(29) Block of white marble; measurements from square (all in cm)

③

Αὐτοκράτορι Καίσαρι

Τίτω Αἰλίῳ Ἀδριανῷ

Ἀντωνίνῳ Σεβαστῷ

τῇ πατρὶδι Ἐπιφάνει (2) Μι-

δου Κ... [Κ]λαύδιον

unpublished